

A look into credit hour accumulation & DFW rates

Office of Institutional Effectiveness Data Dialogue - November 2019

Overview

- Why dive into credit hour completion and DFW rates?
 - Implications to strategic goals
 - Revenue drivers
 - Our values and success expectations
- A variety of ways to investigate:
 - By student by course by discipline. . .
- The equity gap conversation: differences in rates by race/ethnicity, first generation and low-income status
- Now what? Implications and strategies

Equity Analysis Framework Domains

Persistence and Completion

Program and University Impact

Academic Pathways & Achievement

Satisfaction with the DU experience

Engagement Factors





Why investigate DFW rates?

- Slows time to completion and motivation particularly in 1st year
- Raise the challenging questions of readiness, rigor and success expectations
- Gateways: barriers to intended or hoped-for major pathways
- Equity gap understanding differences in experience
- Prompts us to identify strategies that can minimize DFW rates without sacrificing rigor
- HLC cares > emphasis on student success and progression analysis

Potential factors contributing to DFW rates

Student preparation

- Are placements or diagnostics contributing
- Pre-requisites
- Course leveling

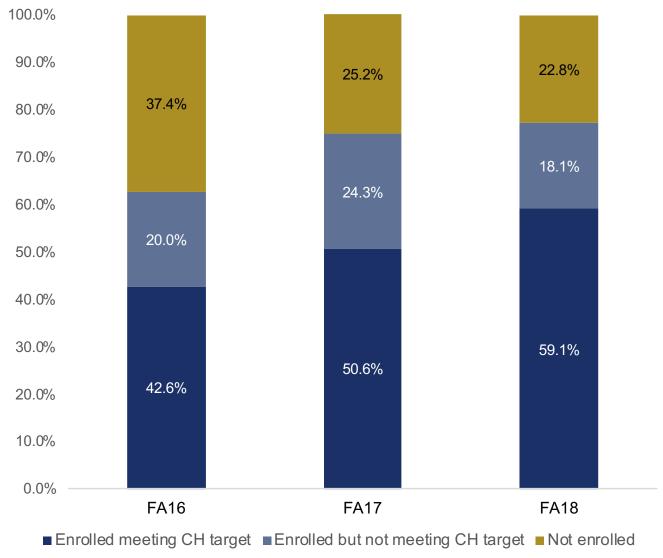
Course structure and design

- Class length
- Pedagogical methods
- Delivery methods
- Supplemental instruction and resources
- Advising practices
 - Time in career
 - Awareness of course combinations and predictive analytics
- Support structures
 - Expertise and tailored support

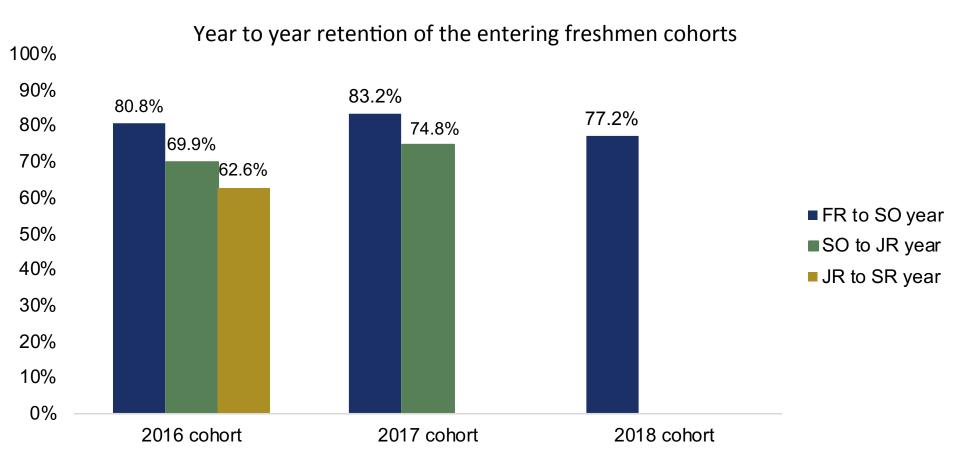
Considering the potential impacts of DFWs on on-time

Progression Credit hour accumulation by current class standings by cohort as of Fall 2019

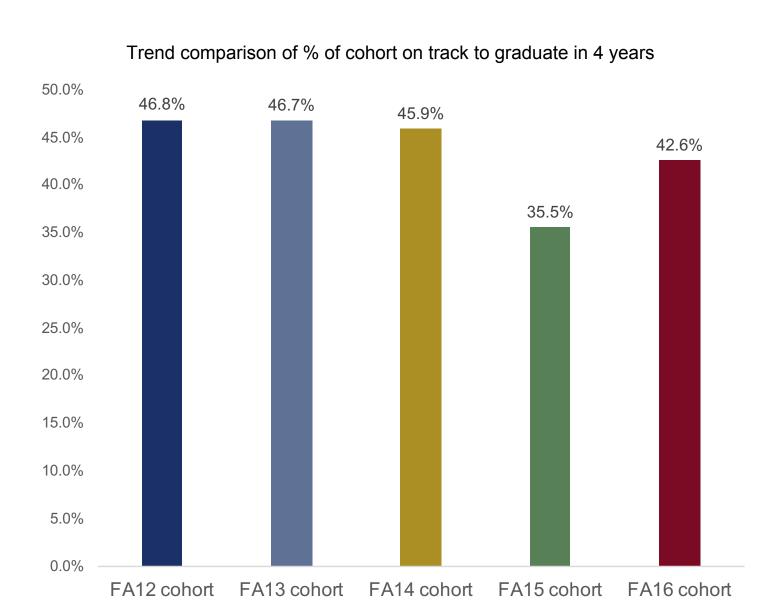
Portion of each entering cohort earning the credit hour target for their class level



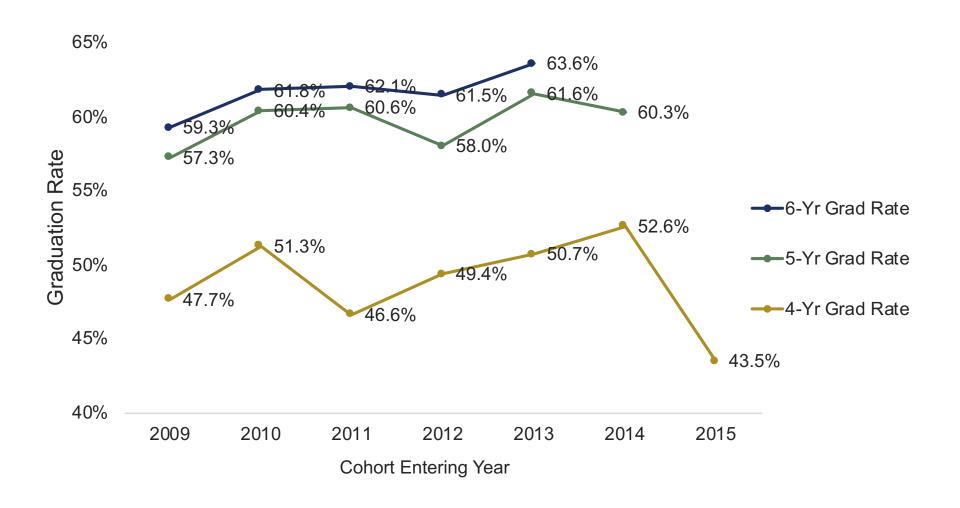
Considering the potential impacts of DFWs on cohort retention rates over time



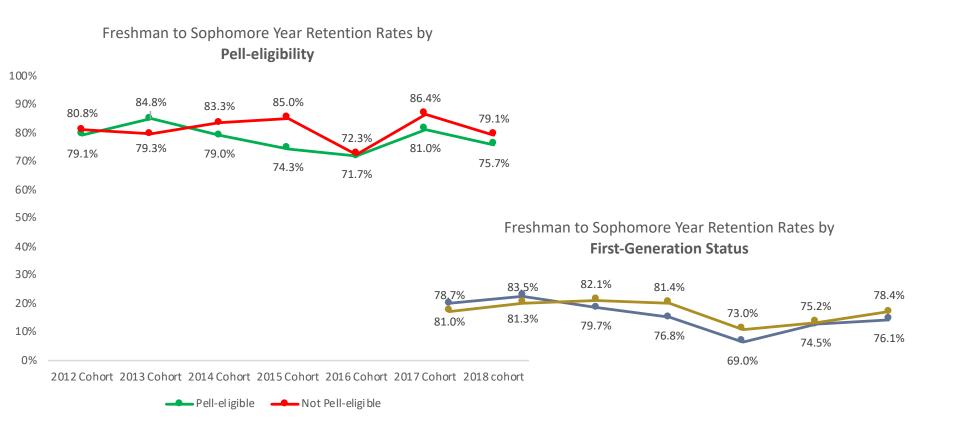
Considering the potential impacts of DFWs on on-time completion



Comparing 4, 5 and 6-year graduation rates over time

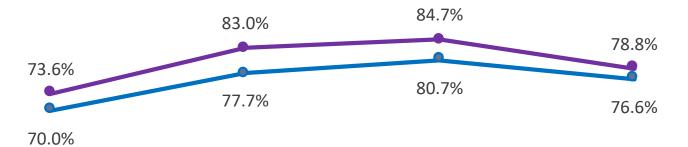


Freshman to Sophomore Year Retention Rates by Pell or First Gen Status



Freshman to Sophomore Year Retention Rates by Pell AND First Gen Status

Freshman to Sophomore Year Retention Rates by First-Generation AND Low-Income Status



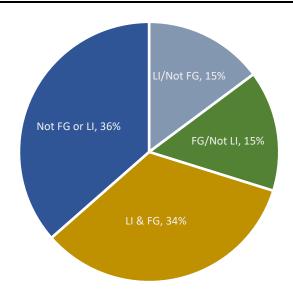


Understanding our population characteristics – and why these rates by 1st generation, low-income and race matter

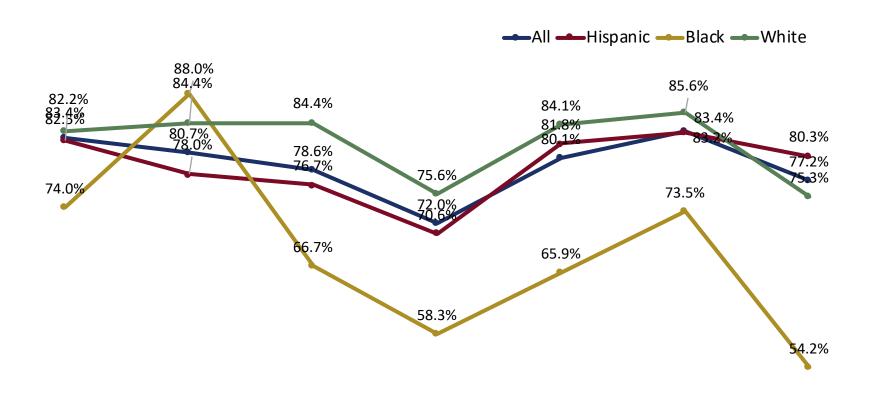
Non-duplicated need characteristics of the whole undergraduate population - demonstrating SSS-eligibility by headcount

Total UG headcount by academic year	Cohort total	Low-income but not 1st Generation			1st Generation but not Low-Income			Low-income AND 1st Generation			Neither low-income OR 1st Generation		
	N	N	% of all	% AA	N	% of all	% AA	N	% of all	% AA	N	% of	% AA or
			UGs	or HI		UGs	or HI		UGs	or HI		cohort	HI
2017	2171	338	15.6%	58.6%	359	16.5%	59.9%	734	33.8%	78.3%	740	34.1%	34.9%
2018	2106	326	15.5%	58.6%	274	13.0%	65.7%	726	34.5%	80.7%	780	37.0%	43.2%
2019	2151	288	13.4%	60.1%	333	15.5%	65.2%	706	32.8%	81.7%	824	38.3%	46.7%
3-year average	2143	317	14.8%	59.1%	322	15.0%	63.6%	722	33.7%	80.2%	781	36.5%	41.6%

Source: Dominican University Office of Institutional Effectiveness October 2019

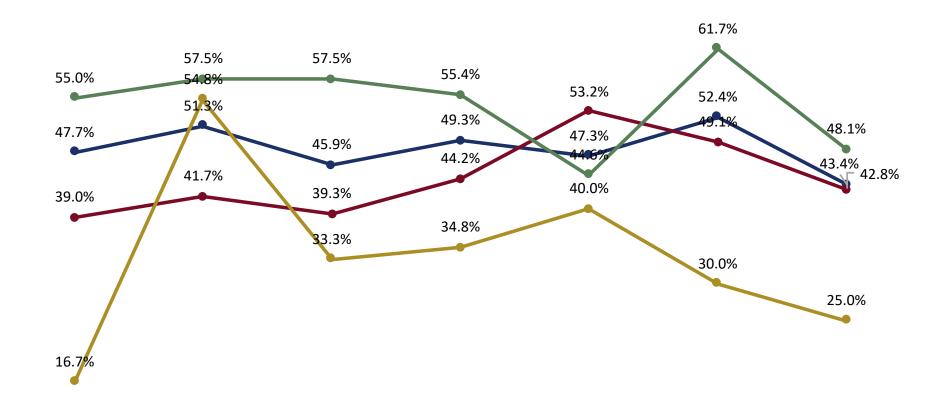


Freshman to Sophomore Year Retention Rates by Race/Ethnicity



2012 Cohort 2013 Cohort 2014 Cohort 2015 Cohort 2016 Cohort 2017 Cohort 2018 cohort

4-year Graduation Rates by Race/Ethnicity 2009 - 2015 cohorts



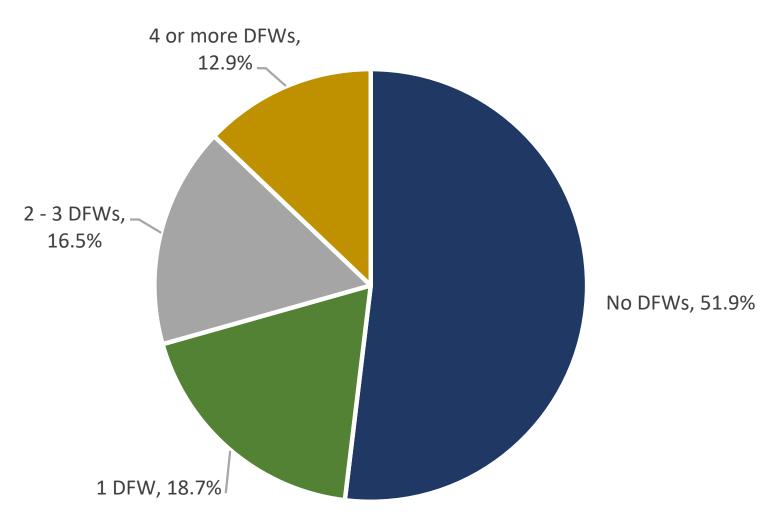


DFW rates by students and cohorts

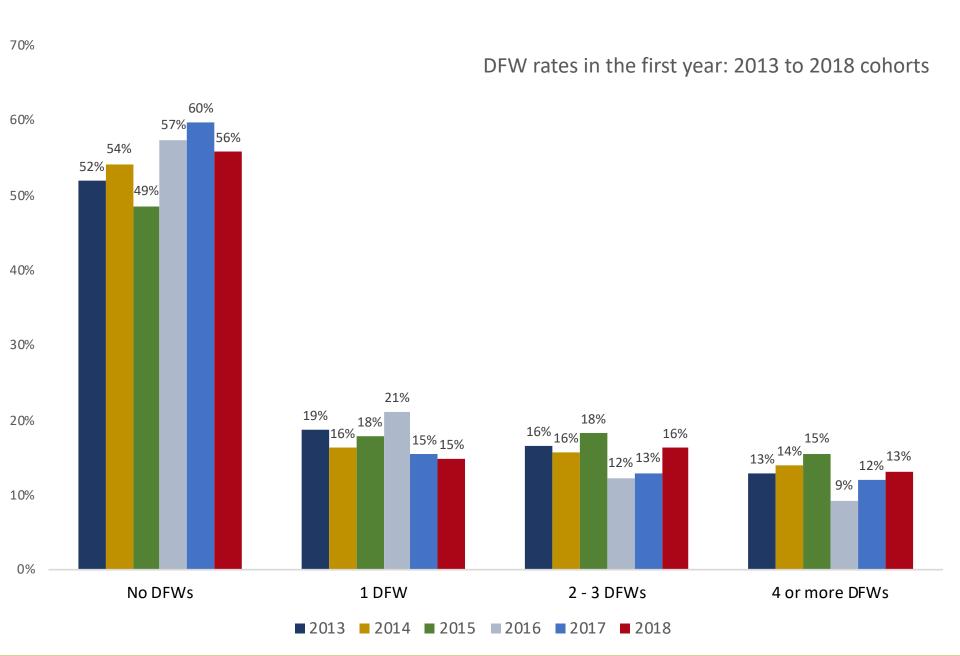


Impact of DFWs in the first year as a critical role in completion

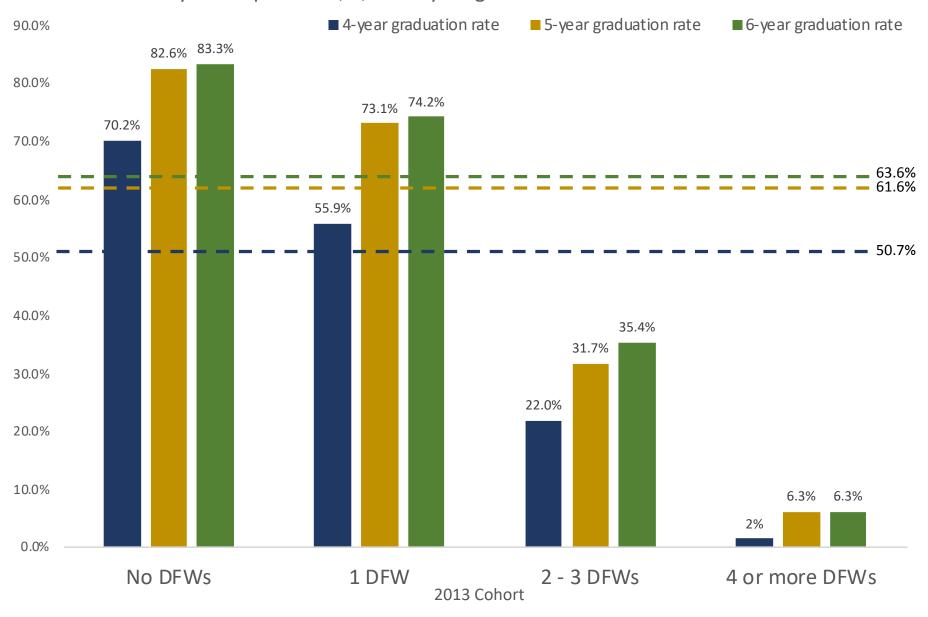
Fall 2013 Cohort: Number of DFWs in the first year



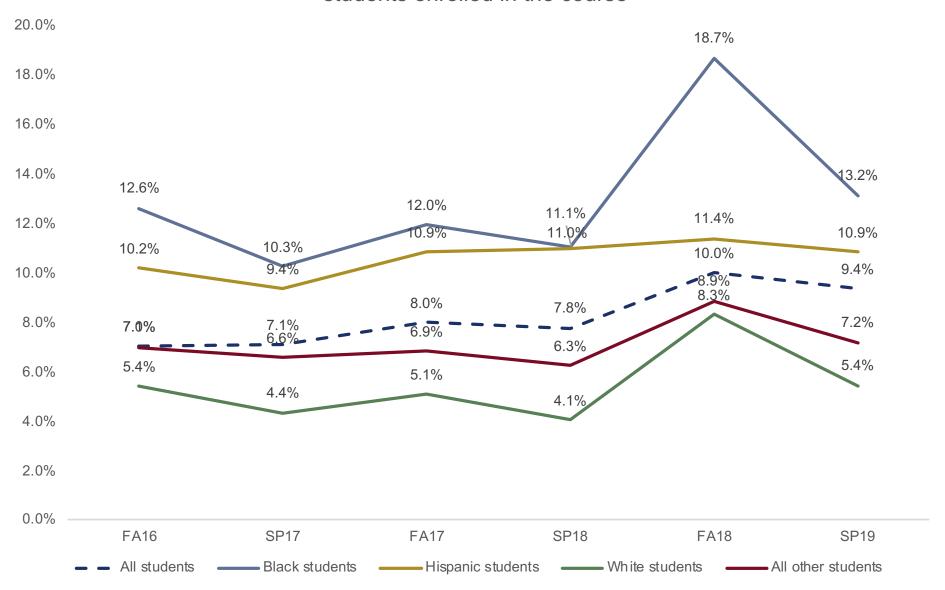
DFW rates in the first year remaining steady



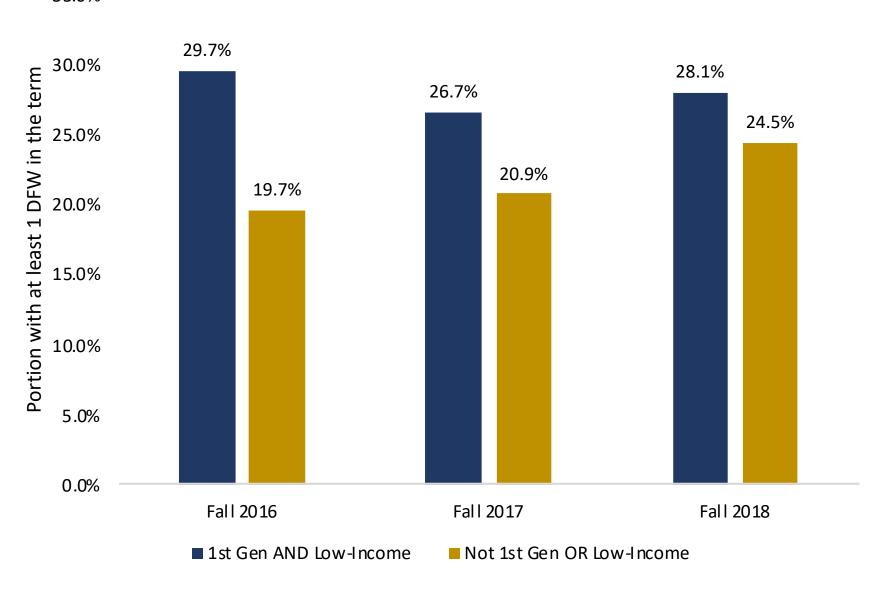
DFWs in the first year: impact on 4, 5, and 6 year graduation rates



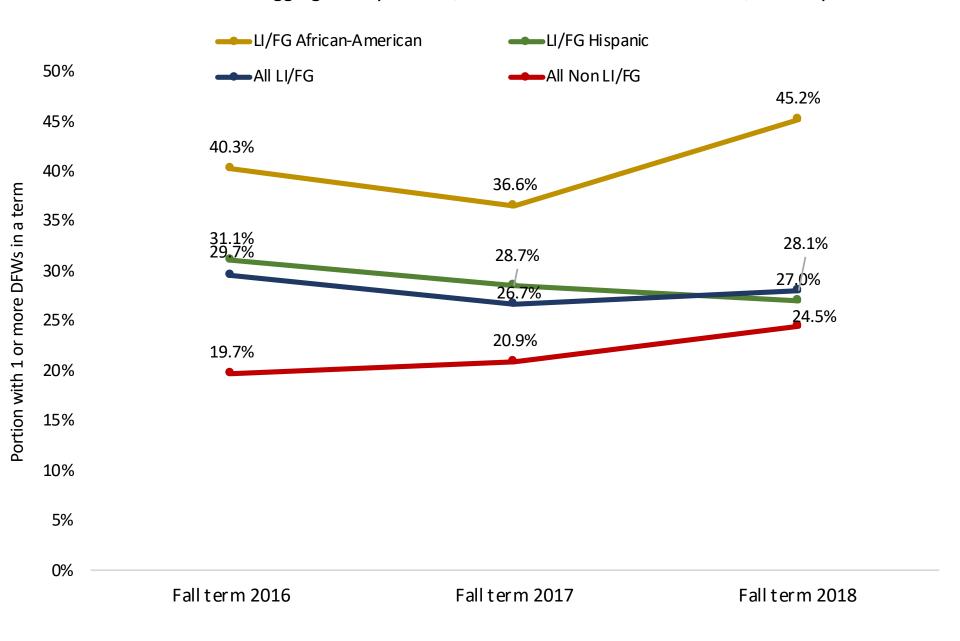
DFW rates by race/ethnicity over 3 years in courses with at least 10 students enrolled in the course



35.0%



DFW rates disaggregated by Income, First Generation Status and Race/ethnicity



DFW rates by discipline



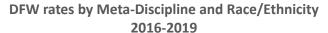
DFW Rate by Discipline – top 25 enrollment – sorted by highest DFW rates

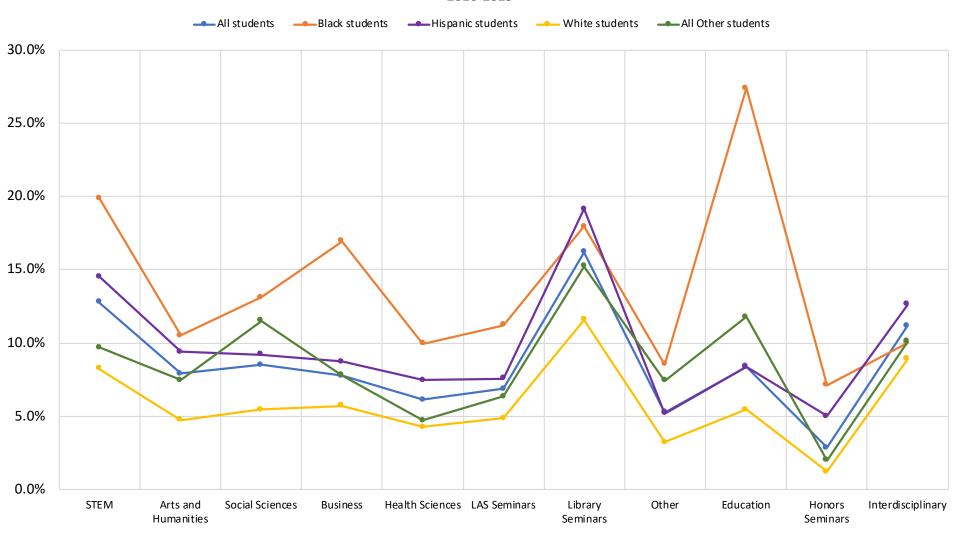
DFW Rates by Discipline by Race/Ethnicity - Sorted by Highest Enrollment Total enrollment 2016 - 2019

Updated 11.25

	All students		Black students		Hispanic students		White students		All Other students	
Discipline name	Total enrolled	% DFWs	Total enrolled	% DFWs	Total enrolled	% DFWs	Total enrolled	% DFWs	Total enrolled	% DFWs
Math	3613	21.0%	256	30.5%	2159	22.5%	919	15.7%	279	17.6%
Computer Science	1226	17.3%	37	37.8%	670	17.9%	338	14.2%	181	16.6%
Library Seminars	1751	16.4%	101	18.8%	961	18.9%	536	11.6%	153	16.3%
Accounting	1256	15.3%	35	37.8%	691	17.3%	389	10.8%	141	12.7%
Physics	862	14.0%	34	47.1%	442	15.2%	300	9.1%	86	12.8%
Chemistry	2986	11.2%	168	14.9%	1450	14.8%	1047	6.9%	321	7.2%
Philosophy	1571	10.7%	104	15.4%	905	19.5%	462	5.8%	100	5.0%
History	1427	10.4%	76	18.4%	781	10.9%	473	8.0%	97	7.2%
English	4507	9.5%	383	11.2%	2530	11.0%	1259	5.7%	335	9.9%
Economics	1422	8.9%	51	19.6%	725	8.6%	503	7.8%	143	10.5%
Psychology	3283	8.9%	213	13.6%	1937	10.3%	954	5.2%	179	7.3%
Political Science	1099	8.7%	86	8.1%	519	9.2%	377	4.2%	117	21.4%
Theology	1879	8.5%	110	11.8%	1046	9.8%	561	5.3%	162	9.3%
Computer Applications	1535	8.5%	96	11.5%	834	8.3%	473	8.2%	132	9.1%
Biology	4410	8.2%	292	12.0%	2190	10.6%	1399	4.9%	529	5.3%
Spanish	1699	7.3%	112	21.4%	1100	6.5%	389	5.1%	98	8.2%
Nutrition	2787	6.9%	159	9.4%	967	10.9%	1417	4.9%	244	7.0%
Art	1392	6.8%	78	5.1%	666	8.9%	495	4.2%	153	7.2%
LAS Seminars	4951	6.8%	317	11.0%	2818	7.3%	1410	4.9%	406	6.2%
Education	1098	6.6%	31	12.9%	635	8.0%	405	4.0%	27	7.4%
Sociology	2092	6.5%	112	10.7%	1372	7.2%	555	4.1%	53	1.9%
Nursing	2686	5.8%	114	17.5%	1449	5.5%	813	5.8%	310	3.9%
Business Administration	1391	5.3%	33	12.1%	686	5.4%	508	4.5%	164	5.2%
Communication	1697	5.3%	129	8.5%	760	5.4%	582	3.6%	226	6.6%
Management	1038	3.5%	44	6.8%	532	3.9%	348	2.0%	114	4.4%

DFW Rate by Meta-Discipline: Equity gaps emerge





Actions – Ideas to address DFW rates

- Raise DFW rates as factor in program review and department analysis
- Develop departmental action plans to enhance success in high DFW courses
- Address placement methods
- Address support methods:
 - Supplemental instruction (both required and opt-in)
 - Supplemental materials and resources
- Consider curriculum re-design, i.e. "Parachute courses"
- Advising implications: consider time in career and course combination investigation in data analysis
- Address feedback and assessment timing and methodology to provide student awareness of progress

Your thoughts?

Analyzing DFW rates

i.e. what's the right unit of measure?

- Student
- Course
- Course level
- Discipline
- College/School

Ideas for putting this data into conversation and good use